



机密☆启用前

## 2014 年福建省普通高职(专科)专升本招生统一考试

### 大学英语 试卷

(考试时间 120 分钟, 满分 150 分)

考生答题注意事项:

1、答题前, 考生务必在试题卷、答题卡规定的地方填写自己的准考证号、姓名(答题卡背面只需填写姓名)。考生要认真核对答题卡粘贴的条形码的“准考证号、姓名”与考生本人准考证号、姓名是否一致。

2、本试卷分为两部分, 第一部分为选择题, 第二部分为非选择题。选择题每小题选出答案后, 用2B铅笔把答题卡上对应题目的答案标号涂黑。如需改动, 用橡皮擦干净后, 再选涂其他答案标号。非选择题用0.5毫米黑色签字笔并严格按照题号顺序在答题卡上书写作答, 在试题卷上作答无效。

3、考试结束后, 考生必须将试题卷和答题卡一并交回。

4、合理安排答题空间, 超出答题区域无效。

### 第一部分 选择题

#### I. Vocabulary and Structure (45 points, 1.5 for each)

**Directions:** In this section, there are 30 incomplete sentences or dialogues. For each of them there are 4 choices marked A, B, C and D. Choose the **ONE** that best completes the sentence or the dialogue. Then mark the corresponding letter on the **ANSWER SHEET**.

1. —Could you help me?

—\_\_\_\_\_

- A. Good idea      B. No problem      C. Not at all      D. It doesn't matter

2. He was \_\_\_\_\_ sad that tears came to his eyes suddenly.

- A. very      B. so      C. too      D. much

3. \_\_\_\_\_ I have a look at your ID card? We have to check your information.

- A. May      B. Must      C. Need      D. Should

4. Mr. Black is looking forward to \_\_\_\_\_ from his son working abroad.

- A. hear      B. heard      C. hears      D. hearing

5. There are a lot of parks in my town. Most of \_\_\_\_\_ are beautiful.

- A. it      B. they      C. them      D. us

6. The poor old man has little money. He can not \_\_\_\_\_ a warm sweater.

- A. effort      B. effect      C. afford      D. affect

7. Would you like \_\_\_\_\_ cup of tea?

- A. other      B. the other      C. another      D. others

8. —Thank you very much for helping me with my English.



- \_\_\_\_\_.
- A. Don't mind      B. That's all      C. Don't mention it      D. That's right
9. I will tell you as soon as she \_\_\_\_\_.
- A. will come back      B. came back  
C. come back      D. comes back
10. The American twin sisters are new students in our school. \_\_\_\_\_ of them can speak Chinese very well.
- A. Neither      B. None      C. No one      D. All
11. There must be \_\_\_\_\_ wrong with my TV set. It doesn't work.
- A. nothing      B. everything      C. anything      D. something
12. Having lived here for nearly one year, I have \_\_\_\_\_ the customs in the area now.
- A. used to      B. got used to      C. got use to      D. been use to
13. — Excuse me, sir. Smoking \_\_\_\_\_ here.  
— Oh, I'm really sorry.
- A. is not allowed      B. doesn't allow  
C. is allowed      D. aren't allowed
14. — Can you speak English?  
— Yes, I have been learning it \_\_\_\_\_ I was six years old.
- A. before      B. since      C. though      D. after
15. Can you tell the \_\_\_\_\_ difference between the words "require" and "request"? Sometimes I get puzzled by their meanings.
- A. dramatic      B. regional      C. apparent      D. subtle
16. The gas is \_\_\_\_\_. Let's go to the gas station.
- A. taking out      B. running out  
C. bringing out      D. making out
17. It was reported to be a rainy day, but \_\_\_\_\_ we had fine sunshine.
- A. by accident      B. at the end  
C. for this moment      D. on the contrary
18. Children should communicate more with their parents to \_\_\_\_\_ the generation gap in order that they can understand each other better.
- A. open      B. narrow      C. widen      D. leave
19. The beginning of the play was boring, \_\_\_\_\_ the end was interesting.
- A. or      B. and      C. so      D. but
20. Mary, don't forget to \_\_\_\_\_ the lights when you leave the room.
- A. turn on      B. turn off      C. turn up      D. turn down



20. Only after John read his paper for the second time \_\_\_\_\_ the spelling mistake.  
A. he noticed      B. does he notice      C. did he notice      D. he has noticed
21. The bus \_\_\_\_\_ on the way. We had to walk to the office.  
A. broke down      B. broke out      C. broke away      D. broke in
22. The man \_\_\_\_\_ is giving a talk to the students is a new professor in our college.  
A. where      B. what      C. who      D. how
23. Mary invited some friends to her birthday party, but only \_\_\_\_\_ came.  
A. little      B. a little      C. few      D. a few
24. If you \_\_\_\_\_ full preparations, the sports meeting wouldn't have been so successful.  
A. haven't made      B. hadn't made      C. wouldn't make      D. didn't make
25. Since she could not \_\_\_\_\_ well with others, she had to leave the company last year.  
A. get on      B. get off      C. get up      D. get to
26. My first \_\_\_\_\_ of Dr. Smith was that he was an active and thoughtful young man.  
A. expression      B. attention      C. satisfaction      D. impression
28. Our class is big. It is \_\_\_\_\_ 50 students.  
A. made up      B. made up of      C. made of      D. made from
29. If you can't find the place, I will show you \_\_\_\_\_.  
A. where it is      B. where is it      C. what it is      D. what is it
30. "\_\_\_\_\_ yourself when I am out, Julie", said her husband.  
A. Look for      B. Look at      C. Look up      D. Look after

## II . Cloze (30 points, 1.5 for each)

**Directions:** In this part, there are 10 blanks in each of the following 2 passages. For each blank there are 4 choices marked A, B, C and D. You should decide on the **ONE** that best fits into the passage. Then mark the corresponding letter on the **ANSWER SHEET**.

### (A)

Years ago, I lived in a building in a large city. The next building was only a few feet away from mine. There was a woman living there, and I had 31 met her, yet I could see her sit by her window each afternoon, sewing or reading.

Several months later, I began to notice that her window was dirty. 32 was unclear through the dirty window. I would say to myself, "I 33 why that woman doesn't wipe her window. It really looks terrible."

One bright morning I decided to 34 my flat, including wiping the windows on the inside. Late in the afternoon when I finished the work, I sat down by the window with a cup of coffee for a rest. What a (an) 35 ! Across the way, the woman sitting by her window was 36 visible. Her window was clean.



Then it dawned (明白) on me. I have been criticizing (批评) her dirty window, but all the time I was watching hers through my dirty window.

That was quite an important lesson for me. How 37 had I looked at and criticized 38 through my own shortcomings?

Since then, whenever I want to 39 someone, I try to clean the window of my own in order that I may see the 40 about me more clearly.

- |                 |              |               |              |
|-----------------|--------------|---------------|--------------|
| 31. A. never    | B. always    | C. often      | D. sometimes |
| 32. A. Everyone | B. Nothing   | C. Everything | D. Something |
| 33. A. know     | B. wonder    | C. notice     | D. imagine   |
| 34. A. describe | B. destroy   | C. build      | D. clean     |
| 35. A. fun      | B. shame     | C. excitement | D. surprise  |
| 36. A. clearly  | B. unclearly | C. hardly     | D. nearly    |
| 37. A. long     | B. much      | C. often      | D. many      |
| 38. A. myself   | B. others    | C. himself    | D. another   |
| 39. A. judge    | B. tell      | C. realize    | D. enjoy     |
| 40. A. action   | B. ability   | C. world      | D. truth     |

(B)

Creativity (创造性) is the key to a bright future. Here is how schools and parents can help their children to develop 41 creativity.

Drew worked for a company in 1925. At work he 42 a kind of material strong enough to hold things together. But his boss told him not to think more about the idea. Drew didn't stop and, using his own time, finally made a kind of tape, which was used by many people later. And his company learned from its 43. Now the company asks its workers to 44 15% of their work time just thinking about and developing new ideas.

Creativity is not something one is just born with. Creativity is the matter of 45 your intelligence to think of new ideas that are good for something.

We know that many schools have tried to develop students' creativity, 46 some teachers only want to develop students' reading, writing and math skills, and have to give up creativity for correct answers. Children from such schools can give correct answers, but they are unable to use them to work out problems.

It is important 47 children choices. From the earliest age, children should learn to make decisions and understand their 48. As children grow older, parents should let their children decide 49 to use their time or spend their money, but not help them too much if they make the wrong decision. Children may have a 50 time, but that is all right.

- |            |        |        |          |
|------------|--------|--------|----------|
| 41. A. his | B. her | C. our | D. their |
|------------|--------|--------|----------|





- |                 |            |            |            |
|-----------------|------------|------------|------------|
| 42. A. invented | B. looked  | C. asked   | D. worked  |
| 43. A. thought  | B. advice  | C. mistake | D. effect  |
| 44. A. take     | B. spend   | C. cost    | D. pay     |
| 45. A. using    | B. finding | C. taking  | D. talking |
| 46. A. or       | B. and     | C. but     | D. because |
| 47. A. to give  | B. giving  | C. gave    | D. given   |
| 48. A. facts    | B. pasts   | C. rests   | D. results |
| 49. A. who      | B. how     | C. what    | D. that    |
| 50. A. hard     | B. lucky   | C. happy   | D. mad     |

### III. Reading Comprehension (45 points)

#### Section A (30 points, 2 for each)

**Directions :** There are 3 passages in this part. Each passage is followed by some questions or unfinished statements. For each of them there are 4 choices marked A, B, C and D. You should decide on the best **ONE** and mark the corresponding letter on the **ANSWER SHEET**.

**Questions 51-55 are based on the following passage:**

Boys and girls, this summer vacation is the time for you to take your mind off homework and prepare yourself for future life. The following is some advice on how to make your vacation meaningful and colorful.

**Take exercise.** You have worked hard most of the time so far. Therefore, you need to join in outdoor activities. You can benefit a lot from different forms of exercise, such as swimming, jogging and mountain climbing.

**Learn some basic life skills.** You cannot depend on your family all the time. There will certainly time for you to deal with your personal matters by yourself in the future. For this reason, you should learn cooking, washing and other practical skills.

**Go for a journey to places of interest.** You can find the culture there different from that of your hometown. Beautiful landscapes (风景) can also make you relaxed.

**Enjoy family time.** Home is the place in which you can rest, receive love and care from your family. Don't always sit in front of a computer alone. Instead, spend some time together with the whole family watching TV on the sofa, gathering around the table for a big meal or a common topic on sports, clothes, etc. Surely it is great fun.

If you follow the advice above, you will achieve health, independence (独立), peace of mind and feelings among family members. Today is the beginning of a new life. Your summer vacation must be full of joy and success. Wish you a wonderful time!

51. What is this passage mainly about?

- A. How to enjoy family time.



- B. How to learn basic life skills.
- C. How to make your vacation meaningful and colorful.
- D. How to go for a journey.
52. To whom do you think the above advice is given?
- A. Students. B. Office workers.
- C. Doctors. D. Teachers.
53. How many suggestions are offered in this passage?
- A. Three. B. Four. C. Five. D. Six.
54. You are expected to learn some basic life skills because \_\_\_\_\_.
- A. you want to depend on your parents
- B. you have to depend on yourself one day in the future
- C. you don't need to depend on your family
- D. you like cooking and washing
55. You will achieve a lot and your vacation will be full of \_\_\_\_\_ if you follow the advice given in the passage.
- A. worry and sadness B. fears and disappointments
- C. tears and fears D. joy and success

**Questions 56-60 are based on the following passage:**

Medical experts say most Americans do not get enough sleep. They say more Americans need to *take a nap*—that is to rest for a short period in the middle of the day. They give people advice to sleep lightly before continuing with other activities. The experts say naps might improve health by reducing pressure.

Some European and Latin American companies have supported the idea of napping for many years. They ask people to leave work, go home and have a nap before returning. In the United States, some companies let workers rest simply in their offices. They believe this can help workers make fewer mistakes and also increase the amount of work that a person can do.

Sleep experts say it is likely that people make more mistakes at work than at other time. They suggest that people should not carry out important tasks when they feel sleepy. And they believe the best thing to do is to take a nap. About 20 minutes of rest is all you need. Experts say this provides extra energy and can increase your efficiency until the end of the day. But they point out that a nap should last no more than 20 to 30 minutes. A longer nap will put the body into deep sleep and waking up will be difficult.

56. In the first paragraph, *take a nap* means \_\_\_\_\_.
- A. resting for a short time in the middle of the night
- B. working for a long period in the middle of the day



- C. sleeping for a short time in the middle of the day  
D. walking for a long period in the middle of the night
57. The best way to increase workers' efficiency is \_\_\_\_\_.
- A. having a rest for twenty to thirty minutes  
B. doing relaxing exercises  
C. talking with friends  
D. singing and dancing
58. We can infer from the passage that sleep experts \_\_\_\_\_.
- A. approve of taking a longer nap  
B. approve of taking a deep sleep  
C. disapprove of taking a short sleep  
D. disapprove of taking a longer nap
59. What will happen to workers if they keep on working without any rest?
- A. They will get a lot of money.  
B. They will fail in their jobs and even cause a lot of trouble.  
C. They will live a happy life in the future.  
D. They will feel better after finishing everyday jobs.
60. What is the passage mainly about?
- A. The advantages of taking a nap during the day.  
B. The advantages of deep sleep during weekends.  
C. The disadvantages of deep sleep during weekends.  
D. The disadvantages of taking a nap during the day.

**Questions 61-65 are based on the following passage:**

Indonesia is my mother's homeland and one of my favorite countries. Since I was young, I have learned a lot about the country and become interested in it. For a long time I had wanted to do something for the country and people there, and I thought volunteering (做志愿者) would be a good and fun way to do so.

I received the greatest pleasure from being with the children.

Teaching my first English class in Aceh was exciting but I was rather nervous. As time passed by, I learned how to be a better teacher. Teaching was actually the most enjoyable of my many responsibilities (责任).

Many children were shy at first. But when they relaxed, they would start talking and telling you a lot of funny things. I believed we were helping them build up their confidence.

For the children who are more in need, the Education Program (TEP) will collect donations (募捐) to help them.



As a volunteer, I had to visit TEP children at home once a month and help them write a thank-you letter to their sponsors. This was a way for the children to communicate with their sponsors. Sometimes the sponsors would write back to the children. Seeing the children's happy faces, I had a great sense of pleasure.

61. The writer thinks being a volunteer is a good and fun way to\_\_\_\_\_.
- A. learn more about Indonesia
  - B. do something for Indonesia and the people there
  - C. travel in Indonesia
  - D. earn a lot of money
62. The writer felt \_\_\_\_\_ when he gave his first English class.
- A. excited and relaxed
  - B. Happy and comfortable
  - C. excited but nervous
  - D. unhappy but comfortable
63. What does the writer think of teaching in Indonesia?
- A. The most enjoyable.
  - B. The most exhausting.
  - C. The most tiring.
  - D. The most boring.
64. The underlined word "sponsors" in the last paragraph means\_\_\_\_\_.
- A.亲戚
  - B.捐助者
  - C.领导
  - D.同事
65. Which of the following statements is NOT true according to the passage?
- A. When he was young, the writer learned a lot about Indonesia.
  - B. The writer gained the greatest pleasure from being with the children.
  - C. The writer volunteered helping TEP children write a thank-you letter to their sponsors.
  - D. The sponsors never wrote back to TEP children.

## 第二部分 非选择题

### Section D Short Answer Questions (15 points, 3 for each)

**Directions:** Answer each of the following questions in no more than **5 words**.

If Confucius (孔子) were still alive today and could celebrate his September 28<sup>th</sup> birthday with a big cake, there would be a lot of candles. He'd need a fan or a strong wind to help him put them out.

While many people in China will remember Confucius on his special day, few people in the United States will give him a passing thought, because it's nothing personal. Most Americans don't even remember the birthdays of their own national heroes.

But this doesn't mean that Americans don't care about Confucius. In many ways he has become a bridge that foreigners muse cross if they want to reach a deeper understanding of China.





In the past two decades, the Chinese Study Programs have gained large popularity in Western universities. More recently, the Chinese government has set up Confucius Institutes in more than 80 countries. These schools teach both Chinese language and culture. The main courses of Chinese culture usually include Chinese art, history and philosophy (哲学). Some social scientists suggest that Westerners should take advantage of the ancient Chinese wisdom to make up for the drawbacks (缺陷) of Western philosophy. Students in the United States, at the same time, are racing to learn Chinese. Businessmen who hope to make money in China are reading books about Confucius to understand their Chinese customers.

Today China attracts the West more than ever, and more teachers are needed to introduce Confucius and Chinese culture to the West.

66. When is Confucius' birthday?

It is on \_\_\_\_\_.

67. Why will few people in America give Confucius a passing thought on his birthday?

Because according to American culture it's \_\_\_\_\_.

68. Do Americans care about Confucius?

\_\_\_\_\_.

69. What are the main courses of Chinese culture usually provided in Confucius Institutes?

They usually include \_\_\_\_\_.

70. Why do some social scientists make a suggestion that Westerners should take advantage of the ancient Chinese wisdom?

Because they believe the ancient Chinese wisdom can \_\_\_\_\_ of Western philosophy.

#### IV. Writing (30 points)

**Directions :** For this part you are required to write an English composition of about 100 words on the topic "My Friend and I" based on the suggestions given below.

71. 参考表格内容, 以 "My Friend and I" 为题写一篇100词左右的短文。

相同点		不同点
Michael (美国人)	1. 喜欢运动	1. 喜欢打篮球, 每天运动
	2. 喜爱读书, 学习努力	2. 喜爱音乐, 经常去音乐会(concert)
我	3. 与老师、同学相处融洽	1. 喜欢游泳, 每周锻炼三次 2. 喜欢看电视和玩电脑游戏

My Friend and I

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